SPIDER PLANT AT-A-GLANCE

ABOUT

- · Grown as perennial houseplant
- Low-Maintenance & easy to grow
- Makes several new plantlets (baby plants)
- Buy as transplants or plantlets



PLANTING TRANSPLANTS

- · Can be planted any time of year
- Choose container with plenty of drainage holes and slightly larger than root ball
- Fill with potting soil and place plant into hole, leaving foliage above soil line; Backfill
- Water thoroughly

STATS

- Features a cascade of long thin leaves
- Grows around 2' wide and long
- Leaves are solid green or green and white variegated
- Works best as a hanging basket or on a plant stand
- Produces small white flowers that turn into plantlets
- · Plantlets can grow into new plants

MAINTENANCE

- Keep soil lightly moist (not saturated)
- · Can withstand breaks in watering
- Fertilize twice a month with all purpose fertilizer; Watch for browning tips
- Trim off plantlets occasionally to avoid becoming unruly
- Repot every few years or if roots grow through drainage holes

REQUIREMENTS

- Hardiness zone of 9-11
- Requires indirect sunlight
- Any good well-draining potting soil mix
- · Neutral soil pH
- Maintain temps around 55-80°
- · Avoid cold or warm drafts
- · Can mist if low humidity levels

ISSUES

- Aphids, whiteflies, mealy bugs, and spider mites
- Browning of leaf tips; Too much fluoride or chlorine in water or excess fertilizer
- Trim off brown tips

MISC

- Easy to propagate; Cut off plantlets once roots are few inches long
- Plantlets make excellent gifts



Simple Garden Life keeping the fun in gardening by keeping it simple!